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Across

- 1. Most persuasive speaker of the Great Awakening [WHITEFIELD]
- 5. Great theologian of the 1730s & 1740s. His most famous sermon: "Sinners in the Hands of an Angry God" [EDWARDS]
- 6. _____ Acts: a series of laws passed by Parliament restricting trade in the American colonies [NAVIGATION]
- 8. New Jersey college established to train New Light pastors [PRINCETON]
- 10. Religious revival of 1730s and 1740s [GREATAWAKENING]
- 12. Scotch—____: this ethnic group of individualistic settlers chose the backcountry of several colonies [IRISH]
- 14. _____ trade: profitable link of Africa, Europe, the Indies, and colonies [TRIANGULAR]
- 15. Treaty of _____: French give up claims to North American territories in 1763 [PARIS]
- 18. European philosophical movement of the 18th century that emphasized reason. It had significant impact on American thought [ENLIGHTENMENT]
- 19. Colony established as a refuge for debtors [GEORGIA]
- 20. Line of 1763: it prevented settlers from moving west of the Allegheny Mountains [PROCLAMATION]

Down

- 2. England's major European competitor for North American wealth and colonies [FRANCE]
- 3. Economic theory that measured wealth from mother country's perspective [MERCANTILISM]
- America's Renaissance man: inventor, philosopher, publisher, statesman [FRANKLIN]
- 7. Plan of Union: 1754 meeting that proposed uniting English colonies in America. [ALBANY]
- 9. The cold rationalism of this New England form of Christianity led to the outbreak of religious revival in the 1730s [PURITANISM]
- 11. Capital of Pennsylvania and leading 18th century American colonial city [PHILADELPHIA]
- 13. Young Virginia surveyor and lieutenant-colonel who gained fame in the French & Indian War [WASHINGTON]
- 16. Victory here by England marked the end of French & Indian War [MONTREAL]
- 17. European ethnic group that was second in size only to the English in 18th century Pennsylvania [GERMANS]